

PROGRESS SOFTWARE CORPORATION
FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 1999
TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page

PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1.	Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of May 31, 1999 and November 30, 1998
	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended May 31, 1999 and May 31, 1998
	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended May 31, 1999 and May 31, 1998
	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
	6
ITEM 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
	8
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION
ITEM 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
	15
ITEM 6.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
	16
	Signatures
	17

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
 ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PROGRESS SOFTWARE CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
 (In thousands)
 (Unaudited)

	May 31, 1999	November 30, 1998
	-----	-----
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 40,784	\$ 50,155
Short-term investments	72,293	63,844
Accounts receivable	43,472	40,779
Other current assets	10,455	9,855
Deferred income taxes	8,511	8,415
	-----	-----
Total current assets	175,515	173,048
	-----	-----
Property and equipment-net	21,222	22,458
Capitalized software costs-net	3,842	4,742
Other assets	6,541	6,460
	-----	-----
Total	\$207,120	\$206,708
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 13,957	\$ 12,461
Accrued compensation and related taxes	15,346	23,041
Income taxes payable	7,300	10,276
Other current liabilities	8,275	8,140
Deferred revenue	55,941	49,942
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	100,819	103,860
	-----	-----
Minority interest in subsidiary	61	155
Commitments and contingent liabilities		
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, authorized, 1,000 shares; issued, none		
Common stock, authorized, 75,000 shares in 1999 and 50,000 in 1998; issued, 16,842 shares in 1999 and 17,090 shares in 1998	168	171
Additional paid-in capital	22,781	18,795
Retained earnings	84,570	84,115
Other comprehensive income	(1,279)	(388)
	-----	-----
Total shareholders' equity	106,240	102,693
	-----	-----
Total	\$207,120	\$206,708
	=====	=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PROGRESS SOFTWARE CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
 (In thousands, except per share data)
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended May 31,		Six Months Ended May 31,	
	1999	1998	1999	1998
	----	----	----	----
Revenue:				
Software licenses	\$ 32,124	\$ 27,686	\$ 65,253	\$ 55,332
Maintenance and services	38,626	29,420	72,642	55,920
Total revenue	70,750	57,106	137,895	111,252
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of software licenses	3,140	2,438	6,246	5,273
Cost of maintenance and services	13,198	11,833	25,711	21,471
Sales and marketing	27,131	22,036	52,914	44,588
Product development	9,895	8,133	19,189	15,247
General and administrative	7,001	6,727	13,795	13,866
Total costs and expenses	60,365	51,167	117,855	100,445
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income from operations	10,385	5,939	20,040	10,807
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	1,199	996	2,406	1,898
Foreign currency gain (loss)	(43)	42	(549)	(437)
Minority interest	35	2	94	55
Other income (expense)	(46)	(5)	(25)	(54)
Total other income	1,145	1,035	1,926	1,462
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income before provision for income taxes	11,530	6,974	21,966	12,269
Provision for income taxes	3,690	2,301	7,029	4,049
Net income	\$ 7,840	\$ 4,673	\$ 14,937	\$ 8,220
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.86	\$ 0.48
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic)	17,218	17,289	17,270	17,288
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.43
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Weighted average shares outstanding (diluted)	19,429	19,491	19,751	18,974
	=====	=====	=====	=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PROGRESS SOFTWARE CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (In thousands)
 (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended May 31,	
	1999	1998
	-----	-----
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 14,937	\$ 8,220
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment	5,379	5,942
Amortization of capitalized software costs	1,081	892
Amortization of intangible assets	329	653
Deferred income taxes	(361)	(295)
Minority interest in subsidiary	(94)	(55)
Noncash compensation	30	--
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(5,157)	(1,505)
Other current assets	(909)	(1,866)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(4,986)	2,573
Income taxes payable	995	1,044
Deferred revenue	8,539	10,492
Total adjustments	4,846	17,875
Net cash provided by operating activities	19,783	26,095
	-----	-----
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investments available for sale	(32,857)	(19,901)
Maturities of investments available for sale	24,069	4,861
Sales of investments available for sale	--	100
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,588)	(4,831)
Capitalized software costs	(181)	(173)
Acquisition of distributor	--	(5,000)
Decrease (increase) in other noncurrent assets	(1,606)	128
Net cash used for investing activities	(15,163)	(24,816)
	-----	-----
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	8,108	5,244
Repurchase of common stock	(22,408)	(18,561)
Net cash used for financing activities	(14,300)	(13,317)
	-----	-----
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	309	(40)
	-----	-----
Net decrease in cash and equivalents	(9,371)	(12,078)
Cash and equivalents, beginning of period	50,155	39,451
Cash and equivalents, end of period	\$ 40,784	\$ 27,373
	=====	=====
Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:		
Income tax benefit from employees' exercise of stock options	\$ 3,774	\$ 1,033
	=====	=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PROGRESS SOFTWARE CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Progress Software Corporation (the Company) pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission regarding interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report and Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 1998.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited financial statements, and include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods presented. The operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full fiscal year.

2. Income Taxes

The Company provides for income taxes at the end of each interim period based on the estimated effective tax rate for the full fiscal year. Cumulative adjustments to the tax provision are recorded in the interim period in which a change in the estimated annual effective rate is determined.

3. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed on the basis of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the effect of outstanding stock options using the treasury stock method.

4. Comprehensive Income

Effective December 1, 1998, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," which requires presentation of the components of comprehensive income, including unrealized gains and losses on investments and foreign currency translation adjustments. Comprehensive income was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended May 31,	
	1999	1998
	----	----
Net income	\$ 7,840	\$4,673
Foreign currency translation adjustments	1,213	(154)
Unrealized holding losses on investments	(288)	(111)
	-----	-----
Total comprehensive income	\$ 8,765	\$4,408
	=====	=====
	Six Months Ended May 31,	
	1999	1998
	----	----
Net income	\$14,937	\$8,220
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(552)	(191)
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on investments	(339)	7
	-----	-----
Total comprehensive income	\$14,046	\$8,036
	=====	=====

5. New Accounting Pronouncement

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133) which establishes standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS 133 requires an entity to recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position and measure those instruments at fair value. SFAS 133 requires that changes in the derivative's fair value be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met and that a company must formally document, designate and assess the effectiveness of transactions that receive hedge accounting. SFAS 133 is currently effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 1999. In May 1999, the FASB issued an exposure draft that would delay the effective date of SFAS 133 to fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. If the effective date is deferred, the Company will adopt SFAS 133 in the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The Company is currently evaluating this statement, but does not expect the adoption of SFAS 133 to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 contains certain safe harbors regarding forward-looking statements. From time to time, information provided by the Company or statements made by its directors, officers or employees may contain "forward-looking" information that involves risks and uncertainties. Actual future results may differ materially. Statements indicating that the Company "expects," "estimates," "believes," "is planning" or "plans to" are forward-looking, as are other statements concerning future financial results, product offerings or other events that have not yet occurred. There are several important factors which could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated by the forward-looking statements. Such factors, some of which are described in greater detail below under the heading "Factors That May Affect Future Results," include, but are not limited to, the receipt and shipment of new orders, the timely release of enhancements to the Company's products, which could be subject to software release delays, the growth rates of certain market segments, the positioning of the Company's products in those market segments, variations in the demand for customer service, professional consulting services and technical support, pricing pressures and the competitive environment in the software industry, the adoption rate of Java for business application development, consumer use of the Internet, issues related to the year 2000 and the Company's ability to penetrate international markets and manage its international operations. Although the Company has sought to identify the most significant risks to its business, the Company cannot predict whether, or to what extent, any of such risks may be realized nor can there be any assurance that the Company has identified all possible issues that it might face.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth certain income and expense items as a percentage of total revenue, and the percentage change in dollar amounts of such items compared with the corresponding period in the previous fiscal year.

	Percentage of Total Revenue				Period-to-Period Change	
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months 1999 Compared To 1998	Six Months 1999 Compared To 1998
	May 31, 1999	May 31, 1998	May 31, 1999	May 31, 1998		
Revenue:						
Software licenses	45%	48%	47%	50%	16%	18%
Maintenance and services	55	52	53	50	31	30
	---	---	---	---		
Total revenue	100	100	100	100	24	24
	---	---	---	---		
Costs and expenses:						
Cost of software licenses	4	4	4	5	29	18
Cost of maintenance and services	19	21	19	19	12	20
Sales and marketing	38	39	38	40	23	19
Product development	14	14	14	14	22	26
General and administrative	10	12	10	12	4	(1)
	---	---	---	---		
Total costs and expenses	85	90	85	90	18	17
	---	---	---	---		
Income from operations	15	10	15	10	75	85
	---	---	---	---		
Other income, net	1	2	1	1	11	32
	---	---	---	---		
Income before provision for income taxes	16	12	16	11	65	79
Provision for income taxes	5	4	5	4	60	74
	---	---	---	---		
Net income	11%	8%	11%	7%	68%	82%
	===	===	===	===		

The Company's total revenue increased 24% from \$57.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$70.8 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999. The Company's total revenue increased 24% from \$111.3 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$137.9 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999. Software license revenue increased 16% from \$27.7 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$32.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999. Software license revenue increased 18% from \$55.3 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$65.3 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999.

The increase in software license revenue is attributable to greater acceptance of the Company's products, including Progress(R) Version 8 and Progress(R) Version 9, the latest versions of the Company's flagship development and deployment product set, and, to a lesser extent, new Internet-focused products such as Progress(R) WebSpeed(R) and Progress(R) Apptivity(TM). Progress Version 9 was released in December 1998. The Company also experienced an increase in sales to Independent Software Vendors (ISVs), value-added resellers who resell the Company's products in conjunction with the sale of their applications. The increase in sales to ISVs is primarily due to greater deployment revenue from database, application server, dataservers and reporting tools products.

Maintenance and services revenue increased 31% from \$29.4 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$38.6 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999. Maintenance and services revenue increased 30% from \$55.9 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$72.6 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999. The increase in maintenance and services revenue was primarily the result of growth in the Company's installed customer base, renewal of maintenance contracts and increased consulting revenue. The Company is dedicating more resources to its service businesses in order to take advantage of the market opportunities associated with companies buying packaged applications and engaging service providers to customize such packages.

Total revenue generated in markets outside North America increased 25% from \$33.3 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$41.5 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999. Such revenue represented 59% of total revenue in the second quarter of fiscal 1999 as compared to 58% of total revenue in the second quarter of fiscal 1998. Total revenue generated in markets outside North America would have represented 60% of total revenue in the second quarter of fiscal 1999 if exchange rates had been constant as compared to the exchange rates in effect in the second quarter of fiscal 1998. On a constant currency basis, total revenue would have increased by 27% versus the 24% reported in the second quarter of fiscal 1999.

Total revenue generated in markets outside North America increased 31% from \$63.6 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$83.1 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999. Such revenue represented 60% of total revenue in the first six months of fiscal 1999 as compared to 57% in the first six months of fiscal 1998. Total revenue generated in markets outside North America would have represented 61% of total revenue in the first six months of fiscal 1999 if exchange rates had been constant as compared to the exchange rates in effect in the first six months of fiscal 1998. On a constant currency basis, total revenue would have increased by 25% versus the 24% reported in the first six months of fiscal 1999.

Cost of software licenses consists primarily of cost of product media, documentation, duplication, packaging, royalties and amortization of capitalized software costs. Cost of software licenses increased 29% from \$2.4 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$3.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999 and increased as a percentage of software license revenue from 9% to 10%. Cost of software licenses increased 18% from \$5.3 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$6.2 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999, but remained the same percentage of software license revenue in each period. The dollar increase was due to an increase in documentation costs and higher royalty expense for products and technologies licensed from third parties.

Cost of maintenance and services consists primarily of costs of providing customer technical support, education and consulting. Cost of maintenance and services increased 12% from \$11.8 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$13.2 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999, but decreased as a percentage of maintenance and services revenue from 40% to 34%. Cost of maintenance and services increased 20% from \$21.5 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$25.7 million in the first six months of 1999, but decreased as a percentage of maintenance and services revenue from 38% to 35%. The margin improvement for the three and six month periods ended May 31, 1999 was due to improved consulting margins and higher technical support margins. The dollar increase was due primarily to greater usage of outside contractors to fulfill demand for consulting services and an increase in the technical support, consulting and education staff in the first six months of fiscal 1999 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 1998. The Company increased its technical support, education, and consulting staff from 285 at the end of the first six months of fiscal 1998 to 328 at the end of the first six months of fiscal 1999. The Company expects its headcount for technical support, consulting and education to continue to increase through the remainder of fiscal 1999 primarily due to the need to satisfy increased demand for consulting and education services. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in recruiting and retaining such personnel.

Sales and marketing expenses increased 23% from \$22.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$27.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999, but decreased as a percentage of total revenue from 39% to 38%. Sales and marketing expenses increased 19% from \$44.6 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$52.9 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999, but decreased as a percentage of total revenue from 40% to 38%. The percentage decrease was due to increased productivity from the Company's sales and marketing efforts. If the Company is able to achieve its planned revenue, sales and marketing expenses are expected to continue to increase at a slower rate of growth than revenue during the remainder of fiscal 1999. The dollar increase in sales and marketing expenses was due to an increase in headcount in the sales, sales support and marketing staff and an increase in the level of discretionary marketing spending, including the Company's worldwide users conference in May. The amount of discretionary marketing expenses can vary from period to period depending on the timing of significant trade shows, advertising campaigns, direct mail solicitations and other events. The headcount increase was primarily to support international growth and new product lines. The Company increased its sales, sales support and marketing staff from 456 at the end of the first six months of fiscal 1998 to 529 at the end of the first six months of fiscal 1999.

Product development expenses increased 22% from \$8.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$9.9 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999 and remained the same percentage of total revenue in each period. Product development expenses increased 26% from \$15.2 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$19.2 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999 and remained the same percentage of total revenue in each period. The dollar increase was primarily due to an increase in headcount to support continued new product development efforts. The major product development efforts in the first six months of fiscal 1999 primarily related to the development of the next versions of the Company's various product lines. Capitalized software costs weren't significant in the second quarter or first six months of each fiscal year due to the stages of the Company's various development projects. The product development staff increased from 210 at the end of the first six months of fiscal 1998 to 243 at the end of the first six months of fiscal 1999.

General and administrative expenses include the costs of the finance, human resources, legal, information systems and administrative departments of the Company. General and administrative expenses increased 4% from \$6.7 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$7.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999, but decreased as a percentage of total revenue from 12% to 10%. General and administrative expenses decreased 1% from \$13.9 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$13.8 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999 and decreased as a percentage of total revenue from 12% to 10%. The dollar increase in the second quarter of fiscal 1999 was due to increased headcount. The dollar decrease in the first six months of fiscal 1999 was primarily due to lower goodwill amortization charges in fiscal 1999 and start-up expenses associated with the Company's subsidiary in Brazil in the first quarter of fiscal 1998, partially offset by increased headcount. The Company increased its administrative staff from 185 at the end of the first six months of fiscal 1998 to 205 at the end of the first six months of fiscal 1999.

Other income increased 11% from \$1.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1998 to \$1.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1999. Other income increased 32% from \$1.5 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998 to \$1.9 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999. The increase in each period was primarily due to an increase in interest income from higher average cash balances. Other income also includes foreign currency gains and losses and the minority interest in the Company's joint venture in Japan. Foreign currency gains and losses in each period primarily relate to the translation and settlement of short-term intercompany receivables.

The Company's effective tax rate was 33% in each period of fiscal 1998 and 32% in each period of fiscal 1999 and was based upon the estimated effective tax rate for the full fiscal year.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At the end of the second quarter of fiscal 1999, the Company's cash and short-term investments totaled \$113.1 million. The balance remained approximately the same as at year-end as cash generated from operations and proceeds from stock issuances in the first six months of fiscal 1999 were offset by common stock repurchases and capital expenditures.

The Company generated \$19.8 million in cash from operations in the first six months of fiscal 1999 as compared to \$26.1 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998. The decrease was primarily due to the timing of payments as

accounts payable and other accrued liabilities decreased by \$5.0 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999 as compared to an increase of \$2.6 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998.

The Company purchased 926,000 shares of its common stock for \$22.4 million in the first six months of fiscal 1999 as compared to approximately 1,141,000 shares for \$18.6 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998. In September 1998, the Board of Directors authorized, through September 30, 1999, the purchase of up to 5,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, at such times as the Company deems such purchases to be an effective use of cash, for various purposes including the issuance of shares pursuant to the Company's stock option plans. At May 31, 1999, there remained approximately 3,800,000 shares of common stock available for repurchase under this authorization.

The Company purchased \$4.6 million of property and equipment in the first six months of fiscal 1999 and \$4.8 million in the first six months of fiscal 1998. The purchases consisted primarily of computer equipment and software, furniture and fixtures, and leasehold improvements. The property and equipment purchases were for supporting the continued growth in the business, replacement of older equipment and renovations to various locations.

The Company believes that existing cash balances together with funds generated from operations will be sufficient to finance the Company's operations and meet its foreseeable cash requirements (including planned capital expenditures and lease commitments) through the next twelve months.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133) which establishes standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS 133 requires an entity to recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position and measure those instruments at fair value. SFAS 133 requires that changes in the derivative's fair value be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met and that a company must formally document, designate and assess the effectiveness of transactions that receive hedge accounting. SFAS 133 is currently effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 1999. In May 1999, the FASB issued an exposure draft that would delay the effective date of SFAS 133 to fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. If the effective date is deferred, the Company will adopt SFAS 133 in the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The Company is currently evaluating this statement, but does not expect the adoption of SFAS 133 to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is exposed to a variety of risks, including changes in interest rates affecting the return on its investments and foreign currency fluctuations. The Company has established policies and procedures to manage its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange.

The Company's exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates relates to the Company's investment portfolio. The Company has not used derivative financial instruments in its investment portfolio. The Company places its investments with high quality issuers and has policies limiting, among other things, the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. The Company limits default risk by purchasing only investment-grade securities. The Company's investments are all fixed rate instruments. In addition, the Company has classified all its debt securities as available for sale. This classification reduces the income statement exposure to interest rate risk.

The Company has entered into foreign exchange option contracts to hedge certain transactions of selected foreign currencies (mainly in Europe and Asia Pacific) against fluctuations in exchange rates. The Company has not entered into foreign exchange option contracts for speculative or trading purposes. The Company's accounting policies for these contracts are based on the Company's designation of the contracts as hedging transactions. The criteria the Company uses for designating a contract as a hedge include the contract's effectiveness in risk reduction and matching of derivative instruments to the underlying transactions. Market value increases and decreases on the foreign exchange option contracts are recognized in income in the same period as gains and losses on the underlying transactions. The Company operates in certain countries where there are limited forward currency exchange markets

and thus the Company has unhedged transaction exposures in these currencies. The Company generally does not hedge the net assets of its international subsidiaries.

YEAR 2000

The Year 2000 presents potential concerns and issues for the Company as well as other companies in the information technology industry. In general, Year 2000 readiness issues typically arise in computer software and hardware systems that use two digit date formats, instead of four digits, to represent a particular year. Users must test their unique combination of hardware, system software (operating systems, transaction processors and database systems) and application software in order for Year 2000 readiness to be achieved.

The Company has established a global project team to coordinate the Company's Year 2000 readiness efforts and address the impact of the Year 2000 date transition on its operations. The project team meets regularly and reports to an executive steering committee composed of the Chief Financial Officer, the General Counsel and the General Manager for Core Products and Services.

With the exception of the products discussed below, the Company believes that the most current versions of its products are Year 2000 ready. For example, the Company's Progress product set fully supports four-digit years. The Progress product set internally stores dates as integers representing the number of days from a base date. For customers who require the entry and display of two digit years, the Progress product set provides the ability to specify a range of years for comparison and calculation. Therefore, the Company does not believe that the most current versions of its products, except those discussed below, will be adversely affected by date changes in the Year 2000.

The Company does not intend to test products that will be retired as of January 1, 2000. The Company is encouraging customers who are using such products to either upgrade to a more current version or conduct their own testing to determine if the continued use of such products allows them to meet their own Year 2000 readiness objectives. There can be no assurance that the Company's products contain and will contain all features and functionality considered necessary by customers, including ISVs, end users and distributors, to be Year 2000 ready. In addition, there can be no assurances that the Company's products do not contain undetected errors or defects associated with Year 2000 date functions that may result in material costs to the Company.

While the Company believes that the most current versions of its products are Year 2000 ready, other factors may result in an application created using the Company's products not being Year 2000 ready. Some of these factors include improper programming techniques used in creating the application or non-compliance of the underlying hardware or operating system on which the software runs. The Company does not believe that it would be liable in such events. However, due to the unprecedented nature of potential litigation related to Year 2000 readiness as discussed in the industry and popular press, the most likely worst case scenario is that the Company would be subject to litigation. It is uncertain whether or to what extent the Company may be affected by such litigation.

The Company has tested the current versions of its three Crescent products and determined that two products were not Year 2000 ready. Free patches that fix the Year 2000 issues for these products are available on the Company's website. The Company does not intend to test earlier versions of those Crescent products or retired Crescent products. The Company cautions users of such products to conduct their own testing to determine if the continued use of such products allows them to meet their own Year 2000 readiness objectives.

The Company is not aware of any material operational issues or costs associated with preparing its internal systems, both information technology (IT) and non-IT systems, for the Year 2000. These systems are based primarily on the Company's own software products with respect to applications and also include third-party software and hardware technology. The Company's Year 2000 readiness plans encompass four phases. The first phase is an inventory and assessment of the Company's internal systems. The second phase is testing such systems for Year 2000 readiness. The third phase is remediation, representing the repair or replacement of any hardware or software, and the fourth phase is contingency planning and preparation.

The Company has substantially completed the first two phases and, although testing is ongoing, the Company believes that all mission-critical internal systems are Year 2000 ready. However, there can be no assurance that the

Company will not experience unanticipated negative consequences or material costs caused by undetected errors or defects in the technology used in its internal systems. The Company is in the process of assessing the Year 2000 readiness of material third parties, such as public utilities and key suppliers, who provide external services to the Company. It is not currently anticipated that any potential third party issues will have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results. The Company expects to substantially complete its Year 2000 readiness efforts of material internal systems by the end of August 1999, and to continue extensive testing of secondary systems and evaluating material third parties throughout 1999.

The Company has begun to develop contingency plans and will continue to evaluate the scope of such plans based on the outcome of its assessment of the Year 2000 readiness of material third parties.

All costs related to Year 2000 issues are being expensed as incurred. To date, costs for addressing Year 2000 readiness issues have not been material. Most of these expenses have been, and are expected to continue to be, time spent by employees. Such costs are integrated into the operating budgets of each product unit or function and are not separately maintained.

Resolving Year 2000 readiness issues impacts almost every customer of the Company and may potentially absorb significant portions of their budgets and time in the near term. As the Year 2000 approaches, customers may delay software purchases as they devote more time to preparing and testing their existing systems and applications for Year 2000 readiness. It is uncertain whether or to what extent the Company's revenue may be impacted by such actions.

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS

The Company operates in a rapidly changing environment that involves certain risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond the Company's control. The following discussion highlights some of these risks. In addition, risks and uncertainties related to Year 2000 issues are described above under the heading "Year 2000."

The Company may experience significant fluctuations in future quarterly operating results that may be caused by many factors. Some of these factors include changes in demand for the Company's products, introduction, enhancement or announcement of products by the Company and its competitors, market acceptance of new products, size and timing of significant orders, budgeting cycles of customers, mix of distribution channels, mix of products and services sold, mix of international and North American revenues, fluctuations in currency exchange rates, changes in the level of operating expenses, changes in the Company's sales incentive plans, customer order deferrals in anticipation of new products announced by the Company or its competitors and general economic conditions. Revenue forecasting is uncertain, in large part, because the Company generally ships its products shortly after receipt of orders. Most of the Company's expenses are relatively fixed, including costs of personnel and facilities, and are not easily reduced. Thus, an unexpected reduction in the Company's revenue, or a decrease in the rate of growth of such revenue, would have a material adverse effect on the profitability of the Company.

The Company develops, markets and supports application development, deployment and management software. Its core product line, Progress, is composed primarily of Progress(R) ProVision(TM), Progress(R) RDBMS(TM), Progress WebSpeed, Progress(R) Open AppServer(TM) and Progress(R) DataServers(TM). In December 1998, the Company began shipping the latest major enhancement to the Progress product line, Progress Version 9.0. The Progress Apptivity product line consists of Apptivity Developer and Apptivity Server. The Company began commercial shipments of Progress Apptivity Version 3.0 in October 1998. The ISQ product line is a set of software products that measure, monitor and manage the availability, performance and recoverability of enterprise networks and ensure overall system and application quality. Progress(R) IPQoS(TM) Version 2.0, the latest ISQ product, began shipping in March 1999.

The Company believes that the Progress product set, Progress Apptivity, and the ISQ product set have features and functionality that enable the Company to compete effectively with other vendors of application development products. Ongoing enhancements to these product lines will be required to enable the Company to maintain its competitive position. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in developing and marketing enhancements to its products on a timely basis, or that the enhancements will adequately address the changing needs of the marketplace. Delays in the release of enhancements could have a material adverse effect on the Company's

business, financial condition, and operating results.

The Company has derived most of its revenue from its core product line, Progress, and other products that complement Progress and are generally licensed only in conjunction with Progress. Accordingly, the Company's future results depend on continued market acceptance of Progress and any factor adversely affecting the market for Progress could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and its financial results. Future results also depend upon the Company's continued successful distribution of its products through its ISV channel and may be impacted by downward pressure on pricing, which may not be offset by increases in volume. ISVs resell the Company's products along with their own applications, and any adverse effect on their business related to competition, pricing and other factors could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, and operating results.

The Company experiences significant competition from a variety of sources with respect to the marketing and distribution of its products. Some of these competitors have greater financial, marketing or technical resources than the Company and may be able to adapt more quickly to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements or to devote greater resources to the promotion and sale of their products than can the Company. Increased competition could make it more difficult for the Company to maintain its market presence.

In addition, current and potential competitors may make strategic acquisitions or establish cooperative relationships among themselves or with third parties, thereby increasing their ability to deliver products that address the needs of the Company's prospective customers. Current and potential competitors also may be more successful than the Company in having their products or technologies widely accepted. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully against current and future competitors and its failure to do so could have a material adverse effect upon the Company's business, prospects, financial condition and operating results.

The Company hopes that Progress Apptivity, the ISQ product set and other new products will contribute positively to the Company's future results. The market for Internet transaction processing products is highly competitive. Global commerce and online exchange of information on the Internet and other similar open wide area networks continue to evolve. There can be no assurance that the Company's products will be successful in penetrating these new and evolving markets. The market for Java-based business application development and deployment tools, such as Progress Apptivity, is in the early stages of commercial adoption. There can be no assurance that Java will emerge as a viable programming language for large-scale business application deployment environments.

Overlaying the risks associated with the Company's existing products and enhancements are ongoing technological developments and rapid changes in customer requirements. The Company's future success will depend upon its ability to develop and introduce in a timely manner new products that take advantage of technological advances and respond to new customer requirements. The Company is currently developing new products intended to help organizations meet the future needs of application developers. The development of new products is increasingly complex and uncertain, which increases the risk of delays. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in developing new products incorporating new technology on a timely basis, or that its new products will adequately address the changing needs of the marketplace. The marketplace for these new products is intensely competitive and characterized by low barriers to entry. As a result, new competitors possessing technological, marketing or other competitive advantages may emerge and rapidly acquire market share.

Approximately 57% of the Company's total revenue in the first six months of fiscal 1999, as compared to 53% in the first six months of fiscal 1998, was attributable to international sales made through its subsidiaries. Because a substantial portion of the Company's total revenue is derived from such international operations which are conducted in foreign currencies, changes in the value of these foreign currencies relative to the United States dollar may affect the Company's results of operations and financial position. The Company engages in certain currency-hedging transactions intended to reduce the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates on the Company's results of operations. However, there can be no assurance that such hedging transactions will materially reduce the effect of fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates on such results. If for any reason exchange or price controls or other restrictions on the conversion of foreign currencies were imposed, the Company's business could be adversely affected. Other potential risks inherent in the Company's international business generally include longer payment cycles, greater difficulties in accounts receivable collection, unexpected changes in regulatory requirements, export restrictions, tariffs and other trade barriers, difficulties in staffing and managing

foreign operations, political instability, reduced protection for intellectual property rights in some countries, seasonal reductions in business activity during the summer months in Europe and certain other parts of the world and potentially adverse tax consequences. Any one of these factors could adversely impact the success of the Company's international operations. There can be no assurance that one or more of such factors will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's future international operations, and, consequently, on the Company's business, financial condition, and operating results.

The Company's future success will depend in large part upon its ability to attract and retain highly skilled technical, managerial and marketing personnel. Competition for such personnel in the software industry is intense. There can be no assurance that the Company will continue to be successful in attracting and retaining the personnel it requires to successfully develop new and enhanced products and to continue to grow and operate profitably.

The Company's success is heavily dependent upon its proprietary software technology. The Company relies principally on a combination of contract provisions and copyright, trademark, patent and trade secret laws to protect its proprietary technology. Despite the Company's efforts to protect its proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy aspects of the Company's products or to obtain and use information that the Company regards as proprietary. Policing unauthorized use of the Company's products is difficult. There can be no assurance that the steps taken by the Company to protect its proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent misappropriation of its technology or independent development by others of similar technology. In addition, litigation may be necessary in the future to enforce the Company's intellectual property rights, to protect the Company's trade secrets, to determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others, or to defend against claims of infringement. Although the Company believes that its products and technology do not infringe on any existing proprietary rights of others, there can be no assurance that third parties will not assert infringement claims in the future. Such litigation could result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results.

The Company also utilizes certain technology which it licenses from third parties, including software which is integrated with internally developed software and used in the Company's products to perform key functions. There can be no assurance that functionally similar technology will continue to be available on commercially reasonable terms in the future.

The market price of the Company's common stock, like that of other technology companies, is highly volatile and is subject to wide fluctuations in response to quarterly variations in operating results, announcements of technological innovations or new products by the Company or its competitors, changes in financial estimates by securities analysts or other events or factors. The Company's stock price may also be affected by broader market trends unrelated to the Company's performance.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

At the Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Company held on April 23, 1999, the shareholders voted on the items described below:

- o To fix the numbers of directors at seven:

Affirmative Votes Cast -----	Negative Votes Cast -----	Votes Abstaining -----
13,719,865	111,279	13,956

- o To elect the following seven directors: Joseph W. Alsop, Larry R. Harris, Roger J. Heinen, Jr., Michael L. Mark, Arthur J. Marks, Scott A. McGregor and Amram Rasiel:

Nominee -----	For ---	Withhold Authority -----
Joseph W. Alsop	13,226,009	619,091
Arthur J. Marks	13,226,009	619,091
Larry R. Harris	13,225,709	619,391
Scott A. McGregor	13,225,709	619,391
Roger J. Heinen, Jr.	13,225,609	619,491
Amram Rasiel	13,225,901	619,199
Michael L. Mark	13,226,009	619,091

- o To act upon a proposal to amend the Company's Restated Articles of Organization to increase the authorized Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, of the Company from 50,000,000 shares to 75,000,000 shares.

Affirmative Votes Cast -----	Negative Votes Cast -----	Votes Abstaining -----
11,725,870	2,095,408	23,822

- o To act upon a proposal to amend the Company's 1997 Stock Incentive Plan to increase the maximum number of shares that may be issued under such plan from 1,020,000 shares to 2,520,000 shares:

Affirmative Votes Cast -----	Negative Votes Cast -----	Votes Abstaining -----	Broker Non-votes -----
5,346,759	5,293,366	21,344	3,183,631

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

a) Exhibits

- 10.9 - 1997 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended
27.1 - Financial Data Schedule (EDGAR Version Only)

b) Reports on Form 8-K

No reports on Form 8-K were filed during the quarter ended May 31, 1999.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PROGRESS SOFTWARE CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Dated: July 13, 1999 /s/ Joseph W. Alsop

Joseph W. Alsop
President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: July 13, 1999 /s/ Norman R. Robertson

Norman R. Robertson
Vice President, Finance and Administration
and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: July 13, 1999 /s/ David H. Benton, Jr.

David H. Benton, Jr.
Vice President and Corporate Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

PROGRESS SOFTWARE CORPORATION
1997 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

SECTION 1. GENERAL PURPOSE OF THE PLAN; DEFINITIONS

The name of the plan is the Progress Software Corporation 1997 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The purpose of the Plan is to encourage and enable the officers, employees and directors of, and other persons providing services to, Progress Software Corporation (the "Company") and its Subsidiaries upon whose judgment, initiative and efforts the Company largely depends for the successful conduct of its business, to acquire a proprietary interest in the Company. It is anticipated that providing such persons with a direct stake in the Company's welfare will assure a closer identification of their interests with those of the Company, thereby stimulating their efforts on the Company's behalf and strengthening their desire to remain with the Company.

The following terms shall be defined as set forth below:

"Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Award" or "Awards", except where referring to a particular category of grant under the Plan, shall include Incentive Stock Options, Non-Qualified Stock Options, Conditioned Stock Awards, Unrestricted Stock Awards, Performance Share Awards and Stock Appreciation Rights.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Cause" means (i) any material breach by the participant of any agreement to which the participant and the Company are both parties, (ii) any act or omission to act by the participant which may have a material and adverse effect on the Company's business or on the participant's ability to perform services for the Company, including, without limitation, the commission of any crime (other than ordinary traffic violations), or (iii) any material misconduct or material neglect of duties by the participant in connection with the business or affairs of the Company or any affiliate of the Company.

"Change of Control" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 15.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any successor Code, and related rules, regulations and interpretations.

"Conditioned Stock Award" means an Award granted pursuant to Section 6.

"Committee" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.

"Disability" means disability as set forth in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code.

"Effective Date" means the date on which the Plan is approved by shareholders as set forth in Section 17.

"Eligible Persons" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.

"Fair Market Value" on any given date means the closing price per share of the Stock on such date as reported by a nationally recognized stock exchange, or, if the Stock is not listed on such an exchange, as reported by NASDAQ, or, if the Stock is not quoted on NASDAQ, the fair market value of the Stock as determined by the Committee.

"Incentive Stock Option" means any Stock Option designated and qualified as an "incentive stock option" as defined in Section 422 of the Code.

"Non-Qualified Stock Option" means any Stock Option that is not an Incentive Stock Option.

"Normal Retirement" means retirement from active employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries in accordance with the retirement policies of the Company and its Subsidiaries then in effect.

"Outside Director" means any director who (i) is not an employee of the Company or of any "affiliated group," as such term is defined in Section 1504(a) of the Code, which includes the Company (an "Affiliate"), (ii) is not a former employee of the Company or any Affiliate who is receiving compensation for prior services (other than benefits under a tax-qualified retirement plan) during the Company's or any Affiliate's taxable year, (iii) has not been an officer of the Company or any Affiliate and (iv) does not receive remuneration from the Company or any Affiliate, either directly or indirectly, in any capacity other than as a director.

"Option" or "Stock Option" means any option to purchase shares of Stock granted pursuant to Section 5.

"Performance Share Award" means an Award granted pursuant to Section 8.

"Stock" means the Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, of the Company, subject to adjustments pursuant to Section 3.

"Stock Appreciation Right" means an Award granted pursuant to Section 9.

"Subsidiary" means a subsidiary as set forth in Section 424 of the Code.

"Unrestricted Stock Award" means Awards granted pursuant to Section 7.

SECTION 2. ADMINISTRATION OF PLAN; COMMITTEE AUTHORITY TO SELECT PARTICIPANTS AND DETERMINE AWARDS.

(a) Committee. The Plan shall be administered by a committee (the "Committee") consisting of at least two Outside Directors. None of the members of the Committee shall have been granted any Award under this Plan (other than pursuant to Section 7(c)) or any other stock option plan of the Company (other than the Company's 1993 Directors' Stock Option Plan) within one year prior to service on the Committee. It is the intention of the Company that the Plan shall be administered by "disinterested persons" within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code, but the authority and validity of any act taken or not taken by the Committee shall not be affected if any person administering the Plan is not a disinterested person. Except as specifically reserved to the Board under the terms of the Plan, the Committee shall have full and final authority to operate, manage and administer the Plan on behalf of the Company. Action by the Committee shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of all members thereof.

(b) Powers of Committee. The Committee shall have the power and authority to grant Awards consistent with the terms of the Plan, including the power and authority:

(i) to select the officers and other employees of, and persons providing services to, the Company and its Subsidiaries to whom Awards may from time to time be granted;

(ii) to determine the time or times of grant, and the extent, if any, of Incentive Stock Options, Non-Qualified Stock Options, Conditioned Stock, Unrestricted Stock, Performance Shares and Stock Appreciation Rights, or any combination of the foregoing, granted to any one or more participants;

(iii) to determine the number of shares to be covered by any Award;

(iv) to determine and modify the terms and conditions, including restrictions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, of any Award, which terms and conditions may differ among individual Awards and participants, and to approve the form of written instruments evidencing the Awards;

(v) to accelerate the exercisability or vesting of all or any portion of any Award;

(vi) subject to the provisions of Section 5(a) (ii), to extend the period in which any outstanding Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right may be exercised;

(vii) to reduce the per-share exercise price of any outstanding Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right awarded to any employee of the Company other than directors and officers of the Company (but not to less than 100% of Fair Market Value on the date the reduction is made) provided, however, that if the Committee shall reduce the per-share exercise price of a Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right awarded to any officer or director of the Company, such reduction shall be effective only if approved by the shareholders of the Company;

(viii) to determine whether, to what extent, and under what circumstances Stock and other amounts payable with respect to an Award shall be deferred either automatically or at the election of the participant and whether and to what extent the Company shall pay or credit amounts equal to interest (at rates determined by the Committee) or dividends or deemed dividends on such deferrals; and

(ix) to adopt, alter and repeal such rules, guidelines and practices for administration of the Plan and for its own acts and proceedings as it shall deem advisable; to interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan and any Award (including related written instruments); to make all determinations it deems advisable for the administration of the Plan; to decide all disputes arising in connection with the Plan; and to otherwise supervise the administration of the Plan.

All decisions and interpretations of the Committee shall be binding on all persons, including the Company and Plan participants.

SECTION 3. SHARES ISSUABLE UNDER THE PLAN; MERGERS; SUBSTITUTION.

(a) Shares Issuable. The maximum number of shares of Stock with respect to which Awards (including Stock Appreciation Rights) may be granted under the Plan shall be 680,000. For purposes of this limitation, the shares of Stock underlying any Awards which are forfeited, cancelled, reacquired by the Company or otherwise terminated (other than by exercise) shall be added back to the shares of Stock with respect to which Awards may be granted under the Plan so long as the participants to whom such Awards had been previously granted received no benefits of ownership of the underlying shares of Stock to which the Awards related. Subject to such overall limitation, any type or types of Award may be granted with respect to shares, including Incentive Stock Options. Shares issued under the Plan may be authorized but unissued shares or shares reacquired by the Company.

(b) Limitation on Awards. In no event may any Plan participant be granted Awards (including Stock Appreciation Rights) with respect to more than 100,000 shares of Stock in any calendar year. The number of shares of Stock relating to an Award granted to a Plan participant in a calendar year that is subsequently forfeited, cancelled or otherwise terminated shall continue to count toward the foregoing limitation in such calendar year.

(c) Stock Dividends, Mergers, etc. In the event that after approval of the Plan by the shareholders of the Company in accordance with Section 17, the Company effects a stock dividend, stock split or similar change in capitalization affecting the Stock, the Committee shall make appropriate adjustments in (i) the number and kind of shares of stock or securities with respect to which Awards may thereafter be granted (including without limitation the limitations set forth in Sections 3(a) and (b) above), (ii) the number and kind of shares remaining subject to outstanding Awards, and (iii) the option or purchase price in respect of such shares. In the event of any merger, consolidation, dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the Committee in its sole discretion may, as to any outstanding Awards, make such substitution or adjustment in the aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance under the Plan and in the

number and purchase price (if any) of shares subject to such Awards as it may determine and as may be permitted by the terms of such transaction, or accelerate, amend or terminate such Awards upon such terms and conditions as it shall provide (which, in the case of the termination of the vested portion of any Award, shall require payment or other consideration which the Committee deems equitable in the circumstances), subject, however, to the provisions of Section 15.

(d) Substitute Awards. The Committee may grant Awards under the Plan in substitution for stock and stock based awards held by employees of another corporation who concurrently become employees of the Company or a Subsidiary as the result of a merger or consolidation of the employing corporation with the Company or a Subsidiary or the acquisition by the Company or a Subsidiary of property or stock of the employing corporation. The Committee may direct that the substitute awards be granted on such terms and conditions as the Committee considers appropriate in the circumstances. The shares which may be delivered under such substitute awards shall be in addition to the maximum number of shares provided for in Section 3(a) only to the extent that the substitute Awards are both (i) granted to persons whose relationship to the Company does not make (and is not expected to make) them subject to Section 16(b) of the Act; and (ii) granted in substitution for awards issued under a plan approved, to the extent then required under Rule 16b-3 (or any successor rule under the Act), by the shareholders of the entity which issued such predecessor awards.

SECTION 4. ELIGIBILITY.

Awards may be granted to officers or other key employees of the Company or its Subsidiaries, and to members of the Board and consultants or other persons who render services to the Company, regardless of whether they are also employees ("Eligible Persons"), provided, however, that members of the Committee at the time of grant, except for the purposes of Section 7(c), shall not constitute Eligible Persons.

SECTION 5. STOCK OPTIONS.

Any Stock Option granted under the Plan shall be in such form as the Committee may from time to time approve.

Stock Options granted under the Plan may be either Incentive Stock Options or Non-Qualified Stock Options. To the extent that any option does not qualify as an Incentive Stock Option, it shall constitute a Non-Qualified Stock Option.

No Incentive Stock Option shall be granted under the Plan after December 31, 2006.

(a) Grant of Stock Options. The Committee in its discretion may grant Incentive Stock Options only to employees of the Company or any Subsidiary. The Committee in its discretion may grant Non-Qualified Stock Options to Eligible Persons. Stock Options granted pursuant to this Section 5(a) shall be subject to the following terms and conditions and the terms and conditions of Section 13 and shall contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem desirable.

(i) Exercise Price. The exercise price per share for the Stock covered by a Stock Option granted pursuant to this Section 5(a) shall be determined by the Committee at the time of grant but shall be, in the case of Incentive Stock Options and Non-Qualified Stock Options, not less than 100% of Fair Market Value on the date of grant. If an employee owns or is deemed to own (by reason of the attribution rules applicable under Section 424(d) of the Code) more than 10% of the combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Subsidiary or parent corporation and an Incentive Stock Option is granted to such employee, the option price shall be not less than 110% of Fair Market Value on the grant date.

(ii) Option Term. The term of each Stock Option shall be fixed by the Committee, but no Incentive Stock Option shall be exercisable more than ten years after the date the option is granted. If an employee owns or is deemed to own (by reason of the attribution rules of Section 424(d) of the Code) more than 10% of the combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Subsidiary or parent corporation and an Incentive Stock Option is granted to such employee, the term of such option shall be no more than five years from the date of grant.

(iii) Exercisability; Rights of a Shareholder. Stock Options shall become vested and exercisable at such time or times, whether or not in installments, as shall be determined by the Committee at or after the grant date. The Committee may at any time accelerate the exercisability of all or any portion of any Stock Option. An optionee shall have the rights of a shareholder only as to shares acquired upon the exercise of a Stock Option and not as to unexercised Stock Options.

(iv) Method of Exercise. Stock Options may be exercised in whole or in part, by delivering written notice of exercise to the Company, specifying the number of shares to be purchased. Payment of the purchase price may be made by one or more of the following methods:

(A) In cash, by certified or bank check or other instrument acceptable to the Committee;

(B) In the form of shares of Stock that are not then subject to restrictions under any Company plan, if permitted by the Committee, in its discretion. Such surrendered shares shall be valued at Fair Market Value on the exercise date; or

(C) By the optionee delivering to the Company a properly executed exercise notice together with irrevocable instructions to a broker to promptly deliver to the Company cash or a check payable and acceptable to the Company to pay the purchase price; provided that in the event the optionee chooses to pay the purchase price as so provided, the optionee and the broker shall comply with such procedures and enter into such agreements of indemnity and other agreements as the Committee shall

prescribe as a condition of such payment procedure. Payment instruments will be received subject to collection.

The delivery of certificates representing shares of Stock to be purchased pursuant to the exercise of a Stock Option will be contingent upon receipt from the Optionee (or a purchaser acting in his stead in accordance with the provisions of the Stock Option) by the Company of the full purchase price for such shares and the fulfillment of any other requirements contained in the Stock Option or applicable provisions of laws.

(v) Transferability of Options. No Stock Option shall be transferable by the optionee otherwise than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and all Stock Options shall be exercisable, during the optionee's lifetime, only by the optionee or his or her legal representative; provided, however, that the Committee may, in the manner established by the Committee, permit transfer, without payment of consideration, of a Non-Qualified Stock Option by an optionee to a member of the optionee's immediate family or to a trust or partnership whose beneficiaries are members of the optionee's immediate family; and such transferee shall remain subject to all the terms and conditions applicable to the option prior to the transfer. For purposes of this provision, an optionee's "immediate family" shall mean the holder's spouse, children and grandchildren.

(vi) Annual Limit on Incentive Stock Options. To the extent required for "incentive stock option" treatment under Section 422 of the Code, the aggregate Fair Market Value (determined as of the time of grant) of the Stock with respect to which incentive stock options granted under this Plan and any other plan of the Company or its Subsidiaries become exercisable for the first time by an optionee during any calendar year shall not exceed \$100,000.

(vii) Repurchase Right. The Committee may in its discretion provide upon the grant of any Stock Option hereunder that the Company shall have an option to repurchase upon such terms and conditions as determined by the Committee all or any number of shares purchased upon exercise of such Stock Option. The repurchase price per share payable by the Company shall be such amount or be determined by such formula as is fixed by the Committee at the time the Option for the shares subject to repurchase is granted. In the event the Committee shall grant Stock Options subject to the Company's repurchase option, the certificates representing the shares purchased pursuant to such Options shall carry a legend satisfactory to counsel for the Company referring to the Company's repurchase option.

(viii) Form of Settlement. Shares of Stock issued upon exercise of a Stock Option shall be free of all restrictions under the Plan, except as otherwise provided in this Plan.

(b) Reload Options. At the discretion of the Committee, Options granted under Section 5(a) may include a so-called "reload" feature pursuant to which an optionee exercising an option by the delivery of a number of shares of Stock in accordance with Section 5(a)(iv)(B) hereof would automatically be granted an additional Option (with an exercise price equal to the Fair Market Value of the Stock on the date the additional Option is granted and with the same expiration date as the original Option being exercised, and with such other terms as the Committee may provide) to purchase that number of shares of Stock equal to the number delivered to exercise the original Option.

SECTION 6. CONDITIONED STOCK AWARDS.

(a) Nature of Conditioned Stock Award. The Committee in its discretion may grant Conditioned Stock Awards to any Eligible Person. A Conditioned Stock Award is an Award entitling the recipient to acquire, at no cost or for a purchase price determined by the Committee, shares of Stock subject to such restrictions and conditions as the Committee may determine at the time of grant ("Conditioned Stock"). Conditions may be based on continuing employment and/or achievement of pre-established performance goals and objectives. In addition, a Conditioned Stock Award may be granted to an employee by the Committee in lieu of a cash bonus due to such employee pursuant to any other plan of the Company.

(b) Acceptance of Award. A participant who is granted a Conditioned Stock Award shall have no rights with respect to such Award unless the participant shall have accepted the Award within 60 days (or such shorter date as the Committee may specify) following the award date by making payment to the Company, if required, by certified or bank check or other instrument or form of payment acceptable to the Committee in an amount equal to the specified purchase price, if any, of the shares covered by the Award and by executing and delivering to the Company a written instrument that sets forth the terms and conditions of the Conditioned Stock in such form as the Committee shall determine.

(c) Rights as a Shareholder. Upon complying with Section 6(b) above, a participant shall have all the rights of a shareholder with respect to the Conditioned Stock, including voting and dividend rights, subject to non-transferability restrictions and Company repurchase or forfeiture rights described in this Section 6 and subject to such other conditions contained in the written instrument evidencing the Conditioned Award. Unless the Committee shall otherwise determine, certificates evidencing shares of Conditioned Stock shall remain in the possession of the Company until such shares are vested as provided in Section 6(e) below.

(d) Restrictions. Shares of Conditioned Stock may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered or disposed of except as specifically provided herein. In the event of termination of employment by the Company and its Subsidiaries for any reason (including death, Disability, Normal Retirement and for Cause), the Company shall have the right, at the discretion of the Committee, to repurchase shares of Conditioned Stock with respect to which conditions have not lapsed at their purchase price, or to require forfeiture of such shares to the Company if acquired at no cost, from the participant or the participant's legal representative. The Company must exercise such right of repurchase or forfeiture not later than the ninetieth day following such termination of employment (unless otherwise specified, in the written instrument evidencing the Conditioned Award).

(e) Vesting of Conditioned Stock. The Committee at the time of grant shall specify the date or dates and/or the attainment of pre-established performance goals, objectives and other conditions on which the non-transferability of the Conditioned Stock and the Company's right of repurchase or forfeiture shall lapse. Subsequent to such date or dates and/or the attainment of such preestablished performance goals, objectives and other conditions, the shares on which all restrictions have lapsed shall no longer be Conditioned Stock and shall be deemed "vested." The Committee at any time may accelerate such date or dates and otherwise waive or, subject to Section 13, amend any conditions of the Award.

(f) Waiver, Deferral and Reinvestment of Dividends. The written instrument evidencing the Conditioned Stock Award may require or permit the immediate payment, waiver, deferral or investment of dividends paid on the Restricted Stock.

SECTION 7. UNRESTRICTED STOCK AWARDS.

(a) Grant or Sale of Unrestricted Stock. The Committee in its discretion may grant (or sell at a purchase price determined by the Committee which shall in no event be less than 100% of Fair Market Value) to any Eligible Person shares of Stock free of any restrictions under the Plan ("Unrestricted Stock"). Shares of Unrestricted Stock may be granted or sold as described in the preceding sentence in respect of past services or other valid consideration.

(b) Elections to Receive Unrestricted Stock In Lieu of Compensation. Upon the request of an Eligible Person and with the consent of the Committee, each Eligible Person may, pursuant to an irrevocable written election delivered to the Company no later than the date or dates specified by the Committee, receive a portion of the cash compensation otherwise due to him in Unrestricted Stock (valued at Fair Market Value on the date or dates the cash compensation would otherwise be paid). Such Unrestricted Stock may be paid to the Eligible Person at the same time as the cash compensation would otherwise be paid, or at a later time, as specified by the Eligible Person in the written election.

(c) Elections to Receive Unrestricted Stock in Lieu of Directors' Fees. Each Outside Director may, pursuant to an irrevocable written election delivered to the Company no later than June 30 of any calendar year, receive all or a portion of the directors' fees otherwise due to him in the subsequent calendar year in Unrestricted Stock (valued at Fair Market Value on the date or dates the directors' fees would otherwise be paid). Such Unrestricted Stock may be paid to the Non-Employee Director at the same time the directors' fees would otherwise have been paid, or at a later time, as specified by the Non-Employee Director in the written election.

(d) Restrictions on Transfers. The right to receive unrestricted Stock may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered, other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

SECTION 8. PERFORMANCE SHARE AWARDS.

(a) Nature of Performance Shares. A Performance Share Award is an award entitling the recipient to acquire shares of Stock upon the attainment of specified performance goals. The Committee may make Performance Share Awards independent of or in connection with the granting of any other Award under the Plan. Performance Share Awards may be granted under the Plan to any Eligible Person including those who qualify for awards under other performance plans of the Company. The Committee in its discretion shall determine whether and to whom Performance Share Awards shall be made, the performance goals applicable under each such Award, the periods during which performance is to be measured, and all other limitations and conditions applicable to the awarded Performance Shares; provided, however, that the Committee may rely on the performance goals and other standards applicable to other performance-based plans of the Company in setting the standards for Performance Share Awards under the Plan.

(b) Restrictions on Transfer. Performance Share Awards and all rights with respect to such Awards may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered.

(c) Rights as a Shareholder. A participant receiving a Performance Share Award shall have the rights of a shareholder only as to shares actually received by the participant under the Plan and not with respect to shares subject to the Award but not actually received by the participant. A participant shall be entitled to receive a stock certificate evidencing the acquisition of shares of Stock under a Performance Share Award only upon satisfaction of all conditions specified in the written instrument evidencing the Performance Share Award (or in a performance plan adopted by the Committee).

(d) Termination. Except as may otherwise be provided by the Committee at any time prior to termination of employment, a participant's rights in all Performance Share Awards shall automatically terminate upon the participant's termination of employment by the Company and its Subsidiaries for any reason (including death, Disability, Normal Retirement and for Cause).

(e) Acceleration, Waiver, Etc. At any time prior to the participant's termination of employment by the Company and its Subsidiaries, the Committee may in its sole discretion accelerate, waive or, subject to Section 13, amend any or all of the goals, restrictions or conditions imposed under any Performance Share Award.

SECTION 9. STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS

(a) The Committee in its discretion may grant Stock Appreciation Rights to any Eligible Person (i) alone, (ii) simultaneously with the grant of a Stock Option and in conjunction therewith or in the alternative thereto or (iii) subsequent to the grant of a Non-Qualified option and in conjunction therewith or in the alternative thereto.

(b) The exercise price per share of a Stock Appreciation Right granted alone shall be determined by the Committee, but shall not be less than 100% of Fair Market Value on the date of grant of such Stock Appreciation Right. A Stock Appreciation Right granted simultaneously with or subsequent to the grant of a Stock Option and in conjunction therewith or in the alternative thereto shall have the same exercise price as the related Stock Option, shall be transferable only upon the same terms and conditions as the related Stock Option, and shall be exercisable only to the

same extent as the related Stock Option; provided, however, that a Stock Appreciation Right, by its terms, shall be exercisable only when the Fair Market Value per share of Stock exceeds the exercise price per share thereof.

(c) Upon any exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right, the number of shares of Stock for which any related Stock Option shall be exercisable shall be reduced by the number of shares for which the Stock Appreciation Right shall have been exercised. The number of shares of Stock with respect to which a Stock Appreciation Right shall be exercisable shall be reduced upon any exercise of any related Stock Option by the number of shares for which such Option shall have been exercised. Any Stock Appreciation Right shall be exercisable upon such additional terms and conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the Committee.

(d) A Stock Appreciation Right shall entitle the participant upon exercise thereof to receive from the Company, upon written request to the Company at its principal offices (the "Request"), a number of shares of Stock (with or without restrictions as to substantial risk of forfeiture and transferability, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion), an amount of cash, or any combination of Stock and cash, as specified in the Request (but subject to the approval of the Committee in its sole discretion, at any time up to and including the time of payment, as to the making of any cash payment), having an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to the product of (i) the excess of Fair Market Value, on the date of such Request, over the exercise price per share of Stock specified in such Stock Appreciation Right or its related Option, multiplied by (ii) the number of shares of Stock for which such Stock Appreciation Right shall be exercised. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee may specify at the time of grant of any Stock Appreciation Right that such Stock Appreciation Right may be exercisable solely for cash and not for Stock.

(e) Within thirty (30) days of the receipt by the Company of a Request to receive cash in full or partial settlement of a Stock Appreciation Right or to exercise such Stock Appreciation Right for cash, the Committee shall, in its sole discretion, either consent to or disapprove, in whole or in part, such Request. A Request to receive cash in full or partial settlement of a Stock Appreciation Right or to exercise a Stock Appreciation Right for cash may provide that, in the event the Committee shall disapprove such Request, such Request shall be deemed to be an exercise of such Stock Appreciation Right for Stock.

(f) If the Committee disapproves in whole or in part any election by a participant to receive cash in full or partial settlement of a Stock Appreciation Right or to exercise such Stock Appreciation Right for cash, such disapproval shall not affect such participant's right to exercise such Stock Appreciation Right at a later date, to the extent that such Stock Appreciation Right shall be otherwise exercisable, or to elect the form of payment at a later date, provided that an election to receive cash upon such later exercise shall be subject to the approval of the Committee. Additionally, such disapproval shall not affect such participant's right to exercise any related Option.

(g) A participant shall not be entitled to request or receive cash in full or partial payment of a Stock Appreciation Right, if such Stock Appreciation Right or any related Option shall have been exercised during the first six (6) months of its respective term; provided, however, that such prohibition shall not apply in the event of the death or Disability of the participant prior to the expiration of such six-month period, or if such participant is not a director or officer of the Company or a beneficial owner of the Company who is described in Section 16(a) of the Act.

(h) A Stock Appreciation Right shall be deemed exercised on the last day of its term, if not otherwise exercised by the holder thereof, provided that the fair market value of the Stock subject to the Stock Appreciation Right exceeds the exercise price thereof on such date.

(i) No Stock Appreciation Right shall be transferable other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution and all Stock Appreciation Rights shall be exercisable, during the holder's lifetime, only by the holder.

SECTION 10. TERMINATION OF STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS.

(a) Termination by Death. If any participant's employment by or services to the Company and its Subsidiaries terminates by reason of death, any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right owned by such participant may thereafter be exercised to the extent exercisable at the date of death, by the legal representative or legatee of the

participant, for a period of two years (or such longer period as the Committee shall specify at any time) from the date of death, or until the expiration of the stated term of the Option or Stock Appreciation Right, if earlier.

(b) Termination by Reason of Disability or Normal Retirement.

(i) Any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by a participant whose employment by or services to the Company and its Subsidiaries has terminated by reason of Disability may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable at the time of such termination, for a period of one year (or such longer period as the Committee shall specify at any time) from the date of such termination of employment or services, or until the expiration of the stated term of the Option or Stock Appreciation Right, if earlier.

(ii) Any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by a participant whose employment by or services to the Company and its Subsidiaries has terminated by reason of Normal Retirement may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable at the time of such termination, for a period of 90 days (or such longer period as the Committee shall specify at any time) from the date of such termination of employment or services, or until the expiration of the stated term of the Option or Stock Appreciation Right, if earlier.

(iii) The Committee shall have sole authority and discretion to determine whether a participant's employment or services has been terminated by reason of Disability or Normal Retirement.

(iv) Except as otherwise provided by the Committee at the time of grant, the death of a participant during a period provided in this Section 10(b) for the exercise of a Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right, shall extend such period for two years from the date of death, subject to termination on the expiration of the stated term of the Option or Stock Appreciation Right, if earlier.

(c) Termination for Cause. If any participant's employment by or services to the Company and its Subsidiaries has been terminated for Cause, any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by such participant shall immediately terminate and be of no further force and effect; provided, however, that the Committee may, in its sole discretion, provide that such Option or Stock Appreciation Right can be exercised for a period of up to 30 days from the date of termination of employment or services or until the expiration of the stated term of the Option or Stock Appreciation Right, if earlier.

(d) Voluntary Termination. If any participant's employment by or services to the Company and its Subsidiaries is voluntarily terminated, any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by such participant shall immediately terminate and be of no further force and effect; provided, however, that the Committee may, in its sole discretion, provide that such Option or Stock Appreciation Right can be exercised for a period of up to 90 days from the date of termination of employment or services or until the expiration of the stated term of the Option or Stock Appreciation Right, if earlier.

(e) Other Termination. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, if a participant's employment by or services to the Company and its Subsidiaries terminates for any reason other than death, Disability, Normal Retirement, voluntary termination or for Cause, any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by such participant may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable on the date of termination of employment, for 90 days (or such longer period as the Committee shall specify at any time) from the date of termination of employment or services or until the expiration of the stated term of the Option or Stock Appreciation Right, if earlier.

SECTION 11. TAX WITHHOLDING.

(a) Payment by Participant. Each participant shall, no later than the date as of which the value of an Award or of any Stock or other amounts received thereunder first becomes includable in the gross income of the participant for Federal income tax purposes, pay to the Company, or make arrangements satisfactory to the Committee regarding payment of any Federal, state or local taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld with respect to such income. The Company and its Subsidiaries shall, to the extent permitted by law, have the right to deduct any such taxes from any payment of any kind otherwise due to the participant.

(b) Payment in Shares. Participant may elect to have such tax withholding obligation satisfied, in whole or in part, by (i) authorizing the Company to withhold from shares of Stock to be issued pursuant to an Award a number of shares with an aggregate Fair Market Value (as of the date the withholding is effected) that would satisfy the withholding amount due with respect to such Award, or (ii) transferring to the Company shares of Stock owned by the participant with an aggregate Fair Market Value (as of the date the withholding is effected) that would satisfy the withholding amount due. With respect to any participant who is subject to Section 16 of the Act, the following additional restrictions shall apply:

(A) the election to satisfy tax withholding obligations relating to an Award in the manner permitted by this Section 11(b) shall be made either (1) during the period beginning on the third business day following the date of release of quarterly or annual summary statements of sales and earnings of the Company and ending on the twelfth business day following such date, or (2) at least six months prior to the date as of which the receipt of such an Award first becomes a taxable event for Federal income tax purposes;

(B) such election shall be irrevocable;

(C) such election shall be subject to the consent or approval of the Committee; and

(D) the Stock withheld to satisfy tax withholding, if granted at the discretion of the Committee, must pertain to an Award which has been held by the participant for at least six months from the date of grant of the Award.

SECTION 12. TRANSFER, LEAVE OF ABSENCE, ETC.

For purposes of the Plan, the following events shall not be deemed a termination of employment:

(a) a transfer to the employment of the Company from a Subsidiary or from the Company to a Subsidiary, or from one Subsidiary to another;

(b) an approved leave of absence for military service or sickness, or for any other purpose approved by the Company, if the employee's right to re-employment is guaranteed either by a statute or by contract or under the policy pursuant to which the leave of absence was granted or if the Committee otherwise so provides in writing.

SECTION 13. AMENDMENTS AND TERMINATION.

The Board may at any time amend or discontinue the Plan and the Committee may at any time amend or cancel any outstanding Award (or provide substitute Awards at the same exercise or purchase price) for the purpose of satisfying changes in law or for any other lawful purpose, but no such action shall adversely affect rights under any outstanding Award without the holder's consent. However, no such amendment, unless approved by the shareholders of the Company, shall be effective if it would (i) cause the Plan to fail to satisfy the incentive stock option requirements of the Code, (ii) cause transactions under the Plan to fail to satisfy the requirements of Rule 16b-3 or any successor rule under the Act as in effect on the date of such amendment, (iii) permit the Board or the Committee to reprice Options or Stock Appreciation Rights granted to officers and directors of the Company under the Plan without shareholder approval, or (iv) permit the Board or the Committee to grant Non-Qualified Stock Options or Stock Appreciation Rights under the Plan at less than 100% of the Fair Market Value on the date of grant of such Non-Qualified Stock Options or Stock Appreciation Rights, as the case may be.

SECTION 14. STATUS OF PLAN.

With respect to the portion of any Award which has not been exercised and any payments in cash, Stock or other consideration not received by a participant, a participant shall have no rights greater than those of a general creditor of the Company unless the Committee shall otherwise expressly determine in connection with any Award or Awards. In its sole discretion, the Committee may authorize the creation of trusts or other arrangements to meet the Company's

obligations to deliver Stock or make payments with respect to Awards hereunder, provided that the existence of such trusts or other arrangements is consistent with the provision of the foregoing sentence.

SECTION 15. CHANGE OF CONTROL PROVISIONS.

(a) Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control as defined in this Section 15:

(i) subject to the provisions of clause (iii) below, after the effective date of such Change of Control, each holder of an outstanding Stock Option, Conditional Stock Award, Performance Share Award or Stock Appreciation Right shall be entitled, upon exercise of such Award, to receive, in lieu of shares of Stock (or consideration based upon the Fair Market Value of Stock), shares of such stock or other securities, cash or property (or consideration based upon shares of such stock or other securities, cash or property) as the holders of shares of Stock received in connection with the Change of Control;

(ii) the Committee may accelerate the time for exercise of, and waive all conditions and restrictions on, each unexercised and unexpired Stock Option, Conditional Stock Award, Performance Share Award and Stock Appreciation Right, effective upon a date prior or subsequent to the effective date of such Change of Control, specified by the Committee; or

(iii) each outstanding Stock Option, Conditional Stock Award, Performance Share Award and Stock Appreciation Right may be cancelled by the Committee as of the effective date of any such Change of Control provided that (x) notice of such cancellation shall be given to each holder of such an Award and (y) each holder of such an Award shall have the right to exercise such Award to the extent that the same is then exercisable or, if the Committee shall have accelerated the time for exercise of all such unexercised and unexpired Awards, in full during the 30-day period preceding the effective date of such Change of Control.

(b) "Change of Control" shall mean the occurrence of any one of the following events:

(i) any "person" (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) (2) of the Act) becomes a "beneficial owner" (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Act) (other than the Company, any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company, or any corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by the shareholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of stock of the Company), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company representing thirty-five percent (35%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities; or

(ii) persons who, as of January 1, 1997, constituted the Company's Board (the "Incumbent Board") cease for any reason, including without limitation as a result of a tender offer, proxy contest, merger or similar transaction, to constitute at least a majority of the Board, provided that any person becoming a director of the Company subsequent to January 1, 1997 whose election was approved by, or who was nominated with the approval of, at least a majority of the directors then comprising the Incumbent Board shall, for purposes of this Plan, be considered a member of the Incumbent Board; or

(iii) the shareholders of the Company approve a merger or consolidation of the Company with any other corporation or other entity, other than (a) a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity) more than 65% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the Company or such surviving entity outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation or (b) a merger or consolidation effected to implement a recapitalization of the Company (or similar transaction) in which no "person" (as hereinabove defined) acquires more than 50% of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities; or

(iv) the shareholders of the Company approve a plan of complete liquidation of the Company or an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets.

SECTION 16. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

(a) No Distribution; Compliance with Legal Requirements. The Committee may require each person acquiring shares pursuant to an Award to represent to and agree with the Company in writing that such person is acquiring the shares without a view to distribution thereof.

No shares of Stock shall be issued pursuant to an Award until all applicable securities law and other legal and stock exchange requirements have been satisfied. The Committee may require the placing of such stop orders and restrictive legends on certificates for Stock and Awards as it deems appropriate.

(b) Delivery of Stock Certificates. Delivery of stock certificates to participants under this Plan shall be deemed effected for all purposes when the Company or a stock transfer agent of the Company shall have delivered such certificates in the United States mail, addressed to the participant, at the participant's last known address on file with the Company.

(c) Other Compensation Arrangements; No Employment Rights. Nothing contained in this Plan shall prevent the Board from adopting other or additional compensation arrangements, including trusts, subject to stockholder approval if such approval is required; and such arrangements may be either generally applicable or applicable only in specific cases. The adoption of the Plan or any Award under the Plan does not confer upon any employee any right to continued employment with the Company or any Subsidiary.

SECTION 17. EFFECTIVE DATE OF PLAN.

The Plan shall become effective upon approval by the holders of a majority of the shares of capital stock of the Company present or represented and entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders.

SECTION 18. GOVERNING LAW.

This Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the substantive laws of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts without regard to its principles of conflicts of laws.

THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THE COMPANY'S FORM 10-Q FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MAY 31, 1999 AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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	DEC-01-1998	
	MAY-31-1999	
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